

Phosphorus by Nitrogen Rate Trial

David Mettler¹, Mark Bloomquist², and John A. Lamb³,

¹Research Agronomist, ²Research Director, SMBSC, Renville, MN

³Professor Emeritus University of Minnesota, St. Paul, MN

Nitrogen management is a priority to produce high-quality sugar beets. However, many other nutrients also play a role in plant growth. It is important to understand how the availability of other major nutrients such as phosphorus may be impacted by varying levels of nitrogen.

Research Objective

- Provide phosphorus and nitrogen fertilizer guidelines for sugar beet production in the Southern Minnesota Beet Sugar Cooperative growing area.

Methodology

These trials were conducted as a 3 x 5 factorial with four replications from 2023-2025 in fields near Renville, Minnesota. Soil samples were taken in the fall prior to treatment application (Table 1). The applied nitrogen fertilizer rates were 0, 45, and 115lbs N/A in 2024 and 2025. In 2023 the applied nitrogen rate was 0, 70, and 140lbs N/A as that site had a lower soil residual. The phosphorus fertilizer rates were 0, 15, 30, 45, and 60lbs P₂O₅/A. The phosphorus and nitrogen treatments were applied broadcast in the spring and incorporated using a small field cultivator. The nitrogen source was urea (46-0-0), and the phosphorus source was triple super phosphate (0-46-0). Standard practices were used to keep the site weed and disease free. The center two rows of each six-row plot were harvested using a six-row defoliator and a two-row research harvester. The beets harvested from the center two rows were weighed on the harvester and two samples of those beets were used for a quality analysis at the SMBSC tare lab. The data was analyzed for significance using SAS GLM version 9.4. In 2024 and 2025 a starter fertilizer treatment of a mix of 3 gal 6-24-6 plus 3 gal of water applied at a rate of 6 gal/A was added to compare against the broadcast P₂O₅. Three gallons of 6-24-6/A delivers 2 lbs N/A, 8 lbs P₂O₅ /A, and 2 lbs K₂O /A.

Table 1. Soil test results and important dates for all three trial locations.

	2023	2024	2025
Fall Soil nitrate-N 0-4 ft. (lb N/A)	33	55	85
Spring Soil nitrate-N 0-4 ft. (lb N/A)	62	67	76
Olsen P 0-6 in. (ppm)	3	4	5
K 0-6 in. (ppm)	224	136	128
pH 0-6 in. (unitless)	8.0	8.1	7.7
Organic matter 0-6 in. (%)	5.3	5.8	4.9
Previous Crop	Soybean	Soybean	Field Corn
Planting Date	May 4 th	April 23 rd	April 30 th
Harvest Date	September 18 th	October 3 rd	September 25 th

Results

The application of phosphorus and nitrogen did not have an interaction on yield or quality. The application of phosphorus did not impact any quality parameters and only increased yield with the first rate of additional P₂O₅ (Tables 5, 6, and 7). The use of starter (3 gal/A of 6-24-6) alone had similar root yield to all other phosphorus treatments at the same nitrogen rate (Tables 8 and 9). The application of nitrogen had a negative impact on quality in 2023 and 2025 but no impact in 2024 (Tables 2, 3, and 4). The yield response to nitrogen was linear in 2024 but plateaued in 2023 and 2025 after 100 and 130lbs/A of total nitrogen (soil test plus fertilizer N) respectively.

Conclusions

Phosphorus having a significant impact on root yield was not surprising as the soil sample results indicated very low soil test levels of phosphorus (Table 1). What was surprising was that increasing the rate of phosphorus only improved root yield up to 15 – 30lbs of additional phosphate/A with no further increase in root yield after those rates (Table 5, 6, and 7). The response to additional nitrogen over the control was expected and consistent with previous studies when conducted on sites with low residual nitrogen (Tables 2, 3, and 4). After sufficiency levels were met there does not appear to be any benefit to increasing the rate of phosphorus if the rate of

nitrogen is increased. However, if the phosphorus needs are not met, root yield will be reduced even with high levels of nitrogen. These trials stress the importance of soil sampling and understanding the underlying nutrient levels of a field prior to planting.

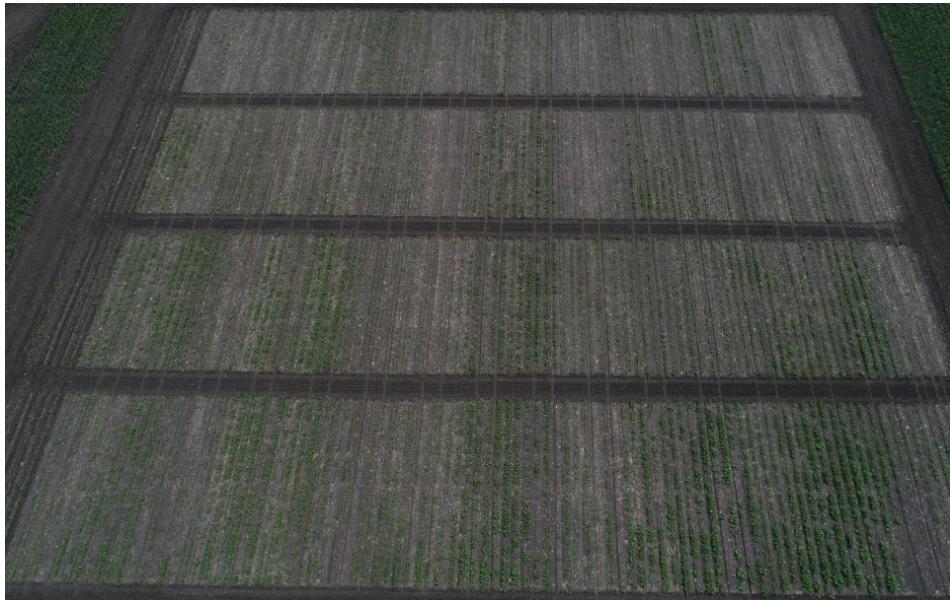


Figure 1. Drone images from 2023 trial on June 15th and July 20th showing reduced foliage in plots that were deficient in phosphorus, nitrogen, or both.



Figure 2. Drone image from the 2024 trial on June 13th showing reduced foliage in plots that were deficient in phosphorus, nitrogen, or both.

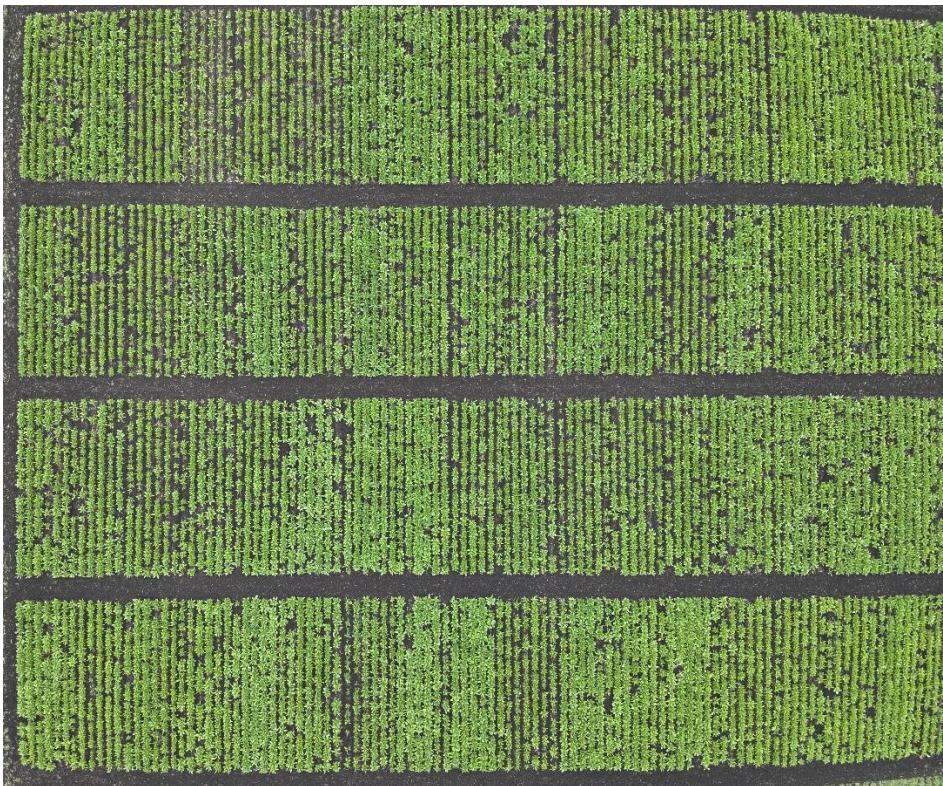


Figure 3. Drone image from the 2025 trial on July 16th showing reduced foliage in plots that were deficient in phosphorus, nitrogen, or both.

Table 2. 2023 The effect of fertilizer N on yield and quality averaged across P₂O₅ rates.

N Rate (lbs per acre)	Total N (lbs per acre)	Sugar	Tons per Acre	Percent Extractable Sugar	Extractable Sugar per Ton (lbs.)	Extractable Sugar per Acre (lbs.)	Percent Purity	
0	33	17.2 a	28.0 b	14.4 a	288.8 a	8101.9 b	90.1	
70	102	17.2 a	32.1 a	14.4 a	288.1 a	9269.8 a	89.9	
140	173	16.9 b	31.7 a	14.1 b	283.0 b	8976.7 a	90.0	
		Mean	17.1	30.6	14.3	286.6	8782.8	90.0
		CV%	1.7	10.6	1.7	1.7	11.0	0.4
		Pr>F	0.0011	0.0004	0.0008	0.0008	0.0012	0.2451
		lsd (0.05)	0.18	2.07	0.16	3.11	614.40	ns

Table 3. 2024 The effect of fertilizer N on yield and quality averaged across P2O5 rates.

N Rate (lbs per acre)	Total N (lbs per acre)	Sugar	Tons per Acre	Percent Extractable Sugar	Extractable Sugar per Ton (lbs.)	Extractable Sugar per Acre (lbs.)	Percent Purity	
0	55	17.5	31.4 c	14.9	298.0	9343.3 c	90.9	
45	100	17.5	35.5 b	14.8	296.3	10518.1 b	90.8	
115	170	17.4	37.6 a	14.8	295.0	11081.5 a	90.6	
		Mean	17.5	34.8	14.8	296.4	10314.3	90.8
		CV%	1.5	6.8	1.8	1.8	6.1	0.6
		Pr>F	0.5429	<.0001	0.2402	0.2216	<.0001	0.121
		lsd (0.05)	ns	1.5	ns	ns	403.8	ns

Table 4. 2025 The effect of fertilizer N on yield and quality averaged across P2O5 rates.

N Rate (lbs per acre)	Total N (lbs per acre)	Sugar	Tons per Acre	Percent Extractable Sugar	Extractable Sugar per Ton (lbs.)	Extractable Sugar per Acre (lbs.)	Percent Purity
0	85	15.1 a	26.7 b	12.9 a	258.6 a	6906.1 b	92.0
45	130	15.3 a	29.3 a	12.9 a	259.2 a	7589.9 a	91.5
115	200	14.9 b	30.9 a	12.7 b	254.5 b	7871.7 a	91.8
		Mean	15.1	29.0	12.9	257.4	91.8
		CV%	1.8	9.3	1.9	1.9	1.5
		Pr>F	0.0014	<.0001	0.0105	0.0071	0.0002
		lsd (0.05)	0.17	1.7	0.15	3.1	442.9
							ns

Table 5. The 2023 effect of increasing P₂O₅ rates on yield and quality averaged across nitrogen rates.

P2O5 Rate (lbs per acre)	Sugar	Tons per Acre	Percent Extractable Sugar	Extractable Sugar per Ton (lbs.)	Extractable Sugar per Acre (lbs.)	Percent Purity
0	17.0	24.8 c	14.2	284.5	7070.8 c	90.1
15	17.1	28.9 b	14.3	286.2	8295.0 b	89.8
30	17.1	32.6 a	14.3	286.5	9344.0 a	90.1
45	17.1	33.6 a	14.3	286.8	9637.1 a	90.1
60	17.3	33.1 a	14.5	289.1	9567.1 a	89.9
	Mean	17.1	30.6	14.3	286.6	8782.8
	CV%	1.7	10.6	1.7	1.7	11.0
	Pr>F	0.1689	<.0001	0.2578	0.2578	<.0001
	lsd (0.05)	ns	2.68	ns	ns	793.21
						ns

Table 6. The 2024 effect of increasing P₂O₅ rates on yield and quality averaged across nitrogen rates.

P2O5 Rate (lbs per acre)	Sugar	Tons per Acre	Percent Extractable Sugar	Extractable Sugar per Ton (lbs.)	Extractable Sugar per Acre (lbs.)	Percent Purity
0	17.5	32.7 b	14.8	296.7	9675.6 b	90.6
15	17.6	35.3 a	14.9	298.8	10543.2 a	90.7
30	17.4	35.4 a	14.8	295.1	10444.9 a	90.7
45	17.4	35.1 a	14.8	295.8	10375.2 a	90.8
60	17.4	35.6 a	14.8	295.7	10532.5 a	90.9
	Mean	17.5	34.8	14.8	296.4	10314.3
	CV%	1.5	6.8	1.8	1.8	6.1
	Pr>F	0.1945	0.0210	0.5976	0.4977	0.0081
	lsd (0.05)	ns	1.9	ns	ns	521.3
						ns

Table 7. The 2025 effect of increasing P₂O₅ rates on yield and quality averaged across nitrogen rates.

P2O5 Rate (lbs per acre)	Sugar	Tons per Acre	Percent Extractable Sugar	Extractable Sugar per Ton (lbs.)	Extractable Sugar per Acre (lbs.)	Percent Purity
0	15.1	26.6 b	12.9	258.4	6860.5 b	92.0
15	15.1	28.6 ab	12.9	257.1	7363.5 ab	91.8
30	15.2	29.5 a	12.8	256.0	7557.4 a	91.1
45	15.0	29.7 a	12.8	256.5	7617.2 a	92.0
60	15.2	30.5 a	13.0	259.2	7881.0 a	92.0
Mean	15.1	29.0	12.9	257.4	7455.9	91.8
CV%	1.8	9.3	1.9	1.9	9.3	1.5
Pr>F	0.4866	0.0114	0.4414	0.4775	0.0128	0.4391
lsd (0.05)	ns	2.2	ns	ns	571.8	ns

Table 8. The effect of increasing rates of phosphorus and nitrogen analyzed as an RCBD with the addition of a starter fertilizer treatment of 3 gal 6-24-6 mixed with 3 gal of water/A in 2024.

Entry	N Rate (lbs per acre)	P2O5 Rate (lbs per acre)	Sugar	Tons per Acre	Percent Extractable Sugar	Extractable Sugar per Ton (lbs.)	Extractable Sugar per Acre (lbs.)	Percent Purity
1	0	0	17.7	28.9 i	15.0	299.3	8641.8 h	90.7
2	0	15	17.7	33.0 efg	15.0	300.8	9930.0 efg	90.8
3	0	30	17.5	32.7 fgh	14.9	297.9	9729.9 fg	91.0
4	0	45	17.5	30.8 hi	14.9	298.6	9195.1 gh	91.1
5	0	60	17.3	31.5 ghi	14.7	293.3	9219.6 gh	91.1
6	45	0	17.5	35.0 cdef	14.8	295.4	10332.7 cdef	90.7
7	45	15	17.6	34.1 defg	15.0	299.5	10210.1 cdef	90.9
8	45	30	17.4	35.7 bcdef	14.8	295.0	10535.9 bcdef	90.7
9	45	45	17.3	36.6 abcd	14.6	292.6	10687.3 abcde	90.7
10	45	60	17.6	36.2 abcde	15.0	298.8	10824.6 abcd	90.9
11	115	0	17.5	34.1 defgh	14.8	295.3	10052.3 defg	90.5
12	115	15	17.5	38.9 ab	14.8	296.0	11489.5 a	90.5
13	115	30	17.4	37.9 abc	14.7	292.4	11069.0 abc	90.4
14	115	45	17.5	38.0 abc	14.8	296.3	11243.2 ab	90.7
15	115	60	17.4	39.2 a	14.8	294.9	11553.4 a	90.9
16	45	Starter	17.8	35.7 bcdef	15.1	301.9	10779.1 abcde	90.7

Table 9. The effect of increasing rates of phosphorus and nitrogen analyzed as an RCBD with the addition of a starter fertilizer treatment of 3 gal 6-24-6 mixed with 3 gal of water/A in 2025.

Entry	N Rate (lbs per acre)	P2O5 Rate (lbs per acre)	Sugar	Tons per Acre	Percent Extractable Sugar	Extractable Sugar per Ton (lbs.)	Extractable Sugar per Acre (lbs.)	Percent Purity
1	0	0	15.2	25.5 f	13.0 abcd	259.1 abcde	6609.7 f	92.0
2	0	15	15.1	26.6 ef	12.9 abcde	257.5 abcdef	6851.9 ef	91.9
3	0	30	15.2	27.2 def	12.9 abcde	258.4 abcdef	7024.0 def	91.8
4	0	45	15.0	26.8 ef	12.9 abcde	257.0 bcdef	6885.2 ef	92.1
5	0	60	15.3	27.4 def	13.1 ab	261.1 abc	7160.0 cdef	92.1
6	45	0	15.3	26.4 ef	13.1 a	261.7 ab	6896.6 ef	92.0
7	45	15	15.2	29.6 bcde	13.0 abc	260.2 abcd	7687.3 abcde	92.0
8	45	30	15.4	29.7 bcde	12.6 e	251.4 f	7467.7 bcdef	89.5
9	45	45	15.2	30.9 abcd	12.9 abcde	258.5 abcdef	8000.9 abc	91.8
10	45	60	15.4	29.9 bcde	13.2 a	264.3 a	7897.3 abcd	92.2
11	115	0	14.9	27.8 cdef	12.7 bcde	254.3 cdef	7075.3 cdef	91.9
12	115	15	14.9	29.8 bcde	12.7 dce	253.6 def	7551.2 bcdef	91.4
13	115	30	15.1	31.7 ab	12.9 abcd	258.4 abcdef	8180.6 ab	91.9
14	115	45	14.9	31.4 abc	12.7 bcde	254.0 cdef	7965.7 abcd	92.0
15	115	60	14.8	34.1 a	12.6 de	252.2 ef	8585.6 a	91.7
16	45	Starter	15.2	28.3 bcdef	13.1 ab	260.7 abcd	7369.9 bcdef	92.2